

“Investing in the grid – beyond the catch up”



Patrick Strange

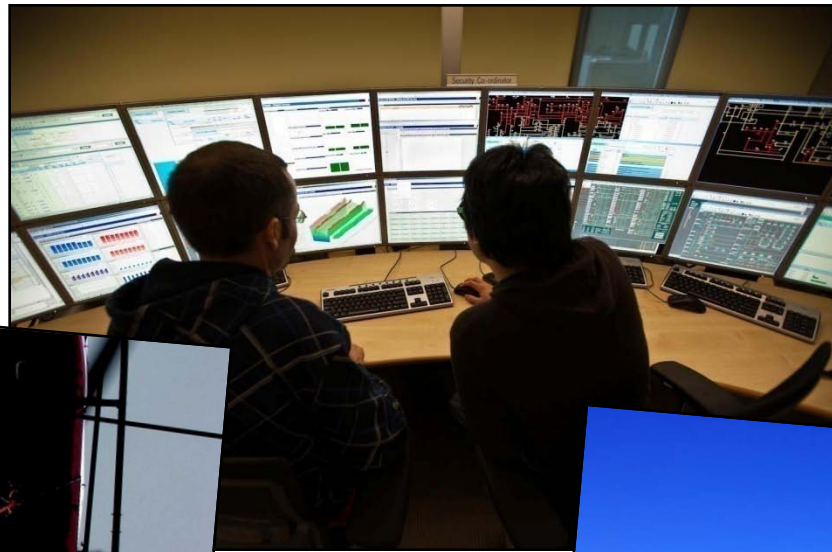
Chief Executive, Transpower New Zealand Ltd

TRANSPOWER



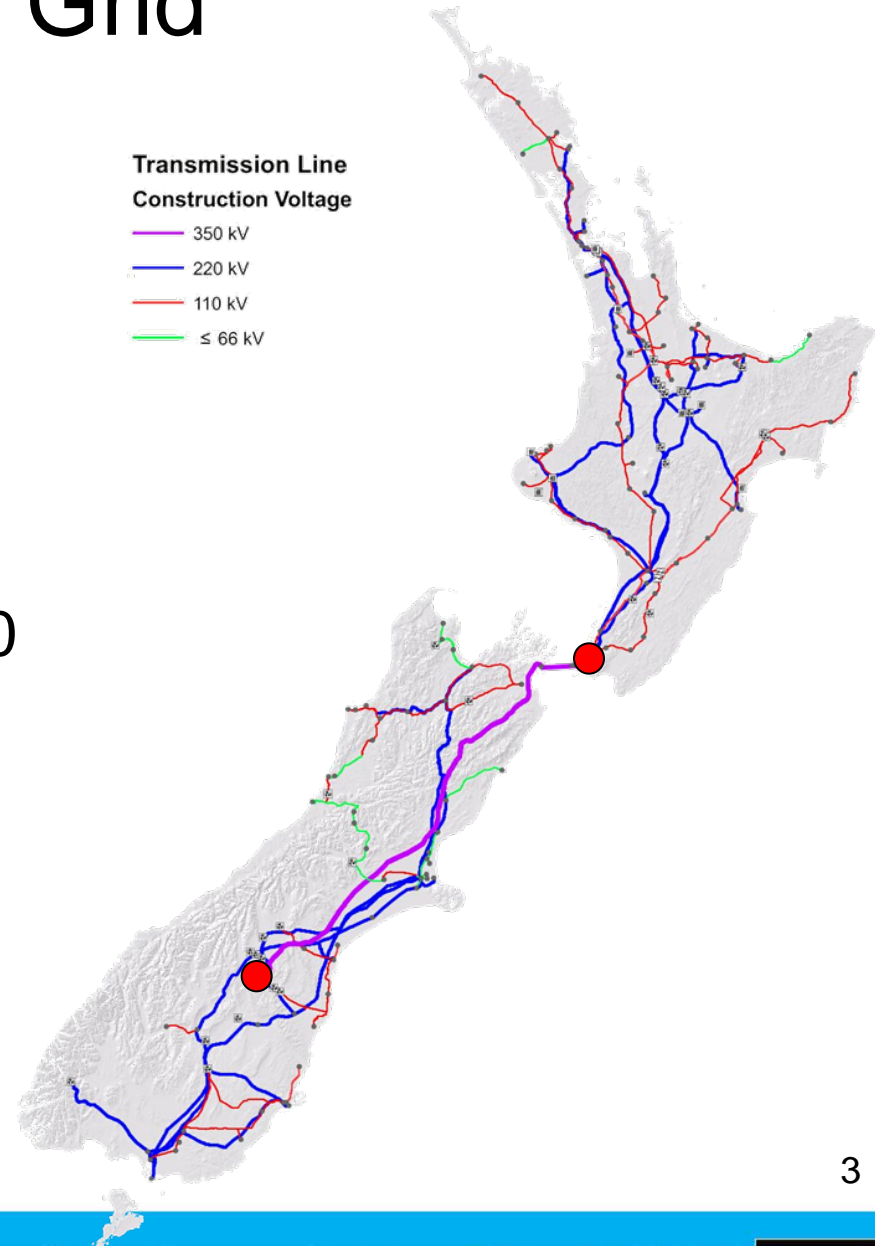
Transpower – what we do

- Plan, build and maintain the national grid
- Operate the system in real time

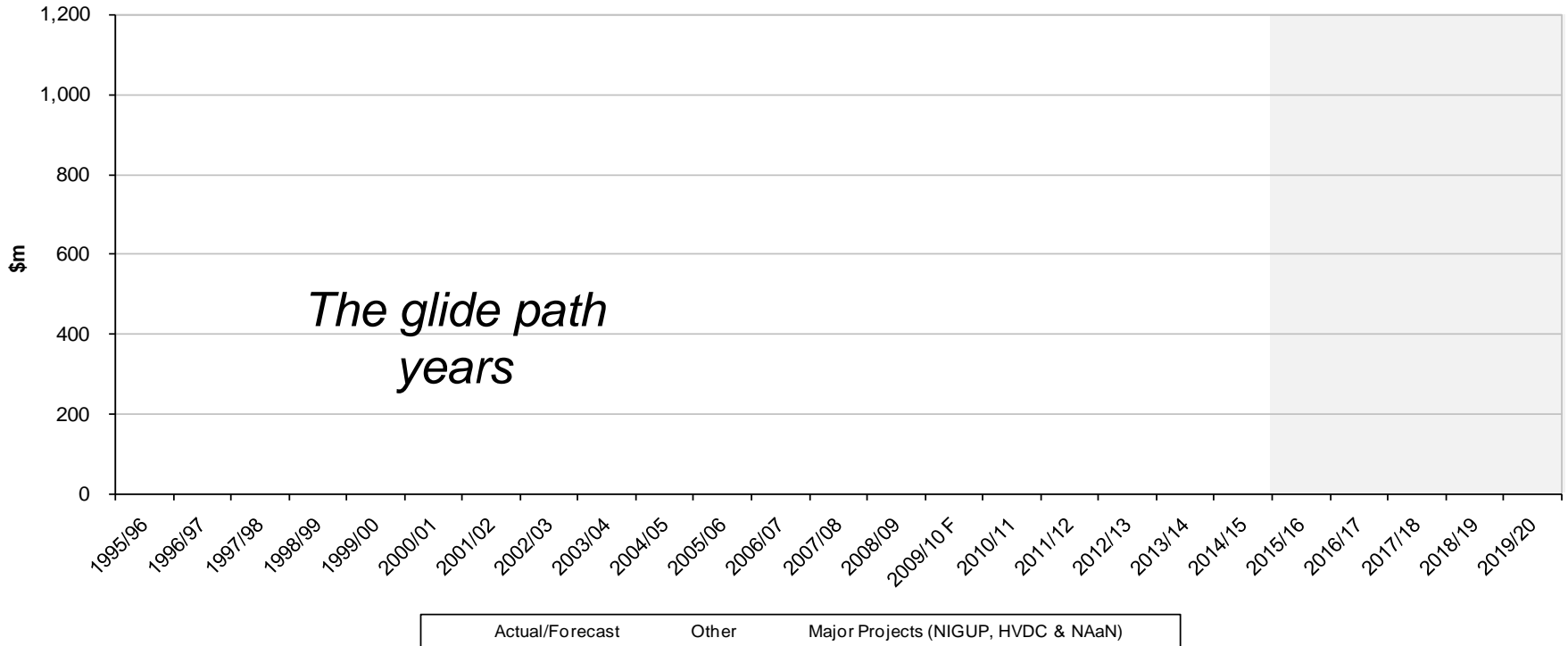


The National Grid

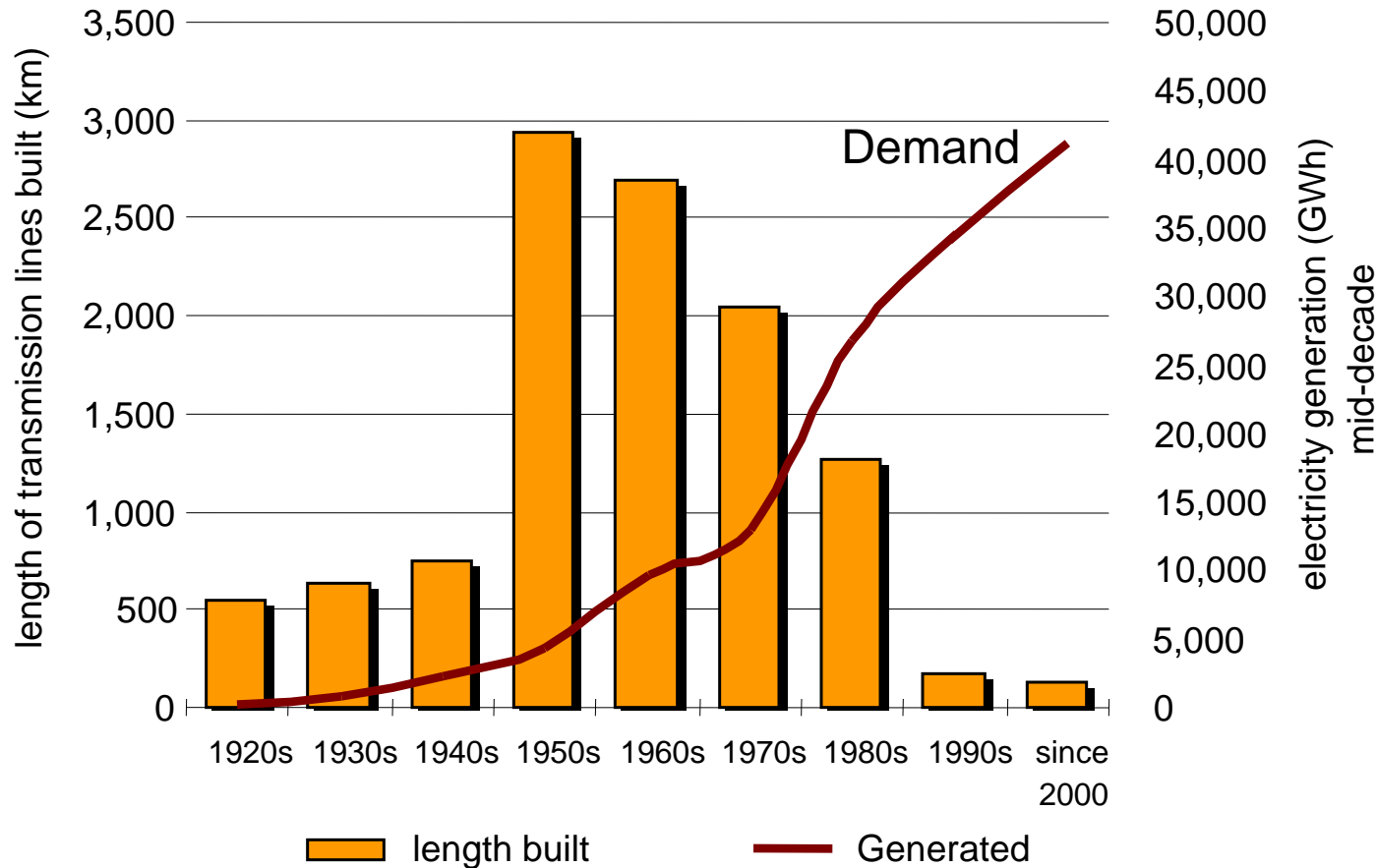
- 11,800km of high voltage lines, 181 sub/switching stations
- 41,000 towers and poles
- 1,000 power transformers; 2,300 circuit breakers etc
- Assets are located in all 85 Regional, District and City Councils



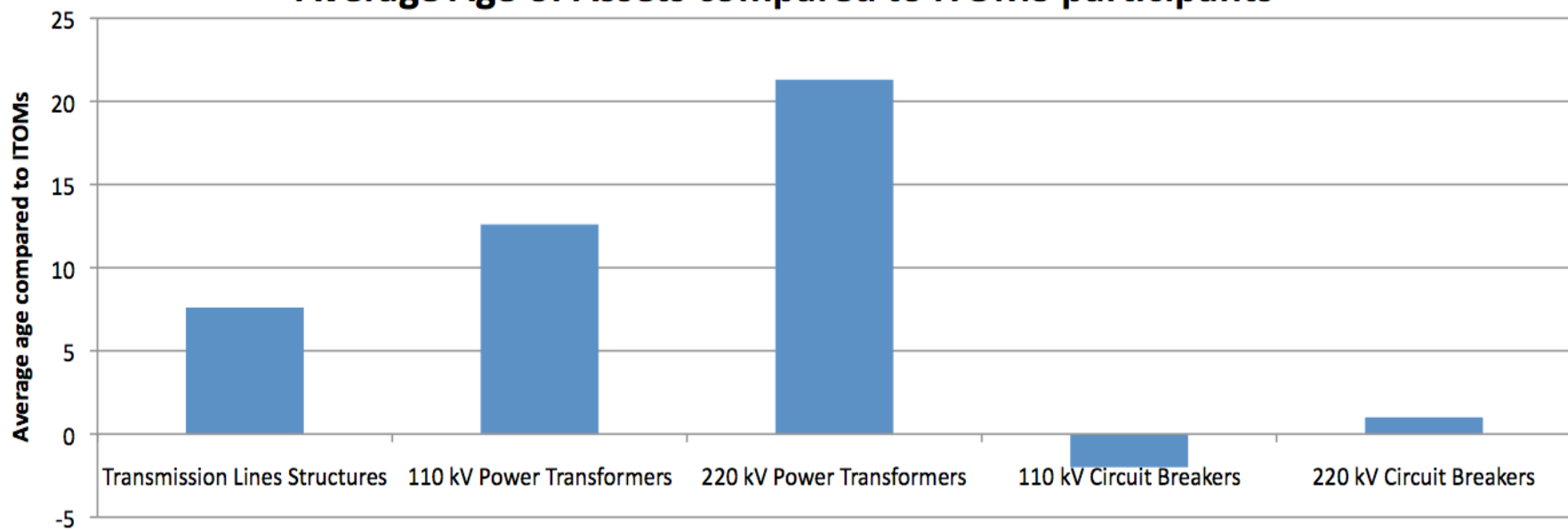
Transpower capex



But demand is increasing...

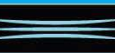
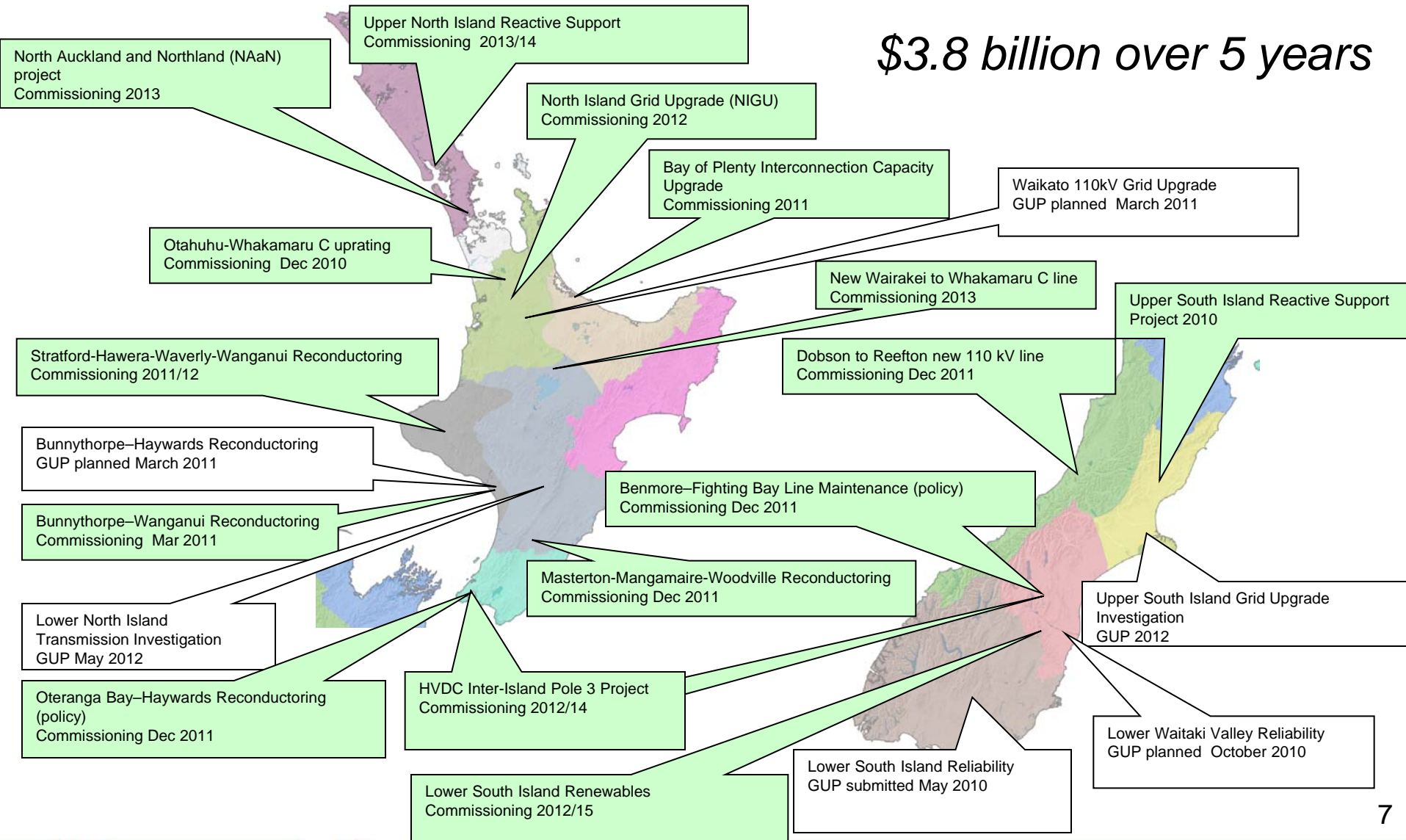


Average Age of Assets compared to ITOMS participants



Reinforcement

\$3.8 billion over 5 years



Beyond the catch up

- Can we deliver?
- Was distributed generation ever around the corner?
- Will the smart grid transform transmission?
- The way forward



Can we deliver?

- The damage done by the glide path was not to the asset – it was to the company



Refurbishment, Replacement & Expansion (\$m)

	2000	07/8	08/9	09/10	forecast 10/11
Maintenance	97	128	138	141	154
Renovation, replacement	63 (est)	81	101	167	200
Part F (expansion)	03 (est)	153	190	319	462



Drury substation

\$15m, in 7 months

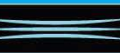


First NIGUP tower



Can we deliver?

- The damage done by the glide path was not to the asset – it was to the company
- The engineering and technical capability atrophied – there was little development for the future

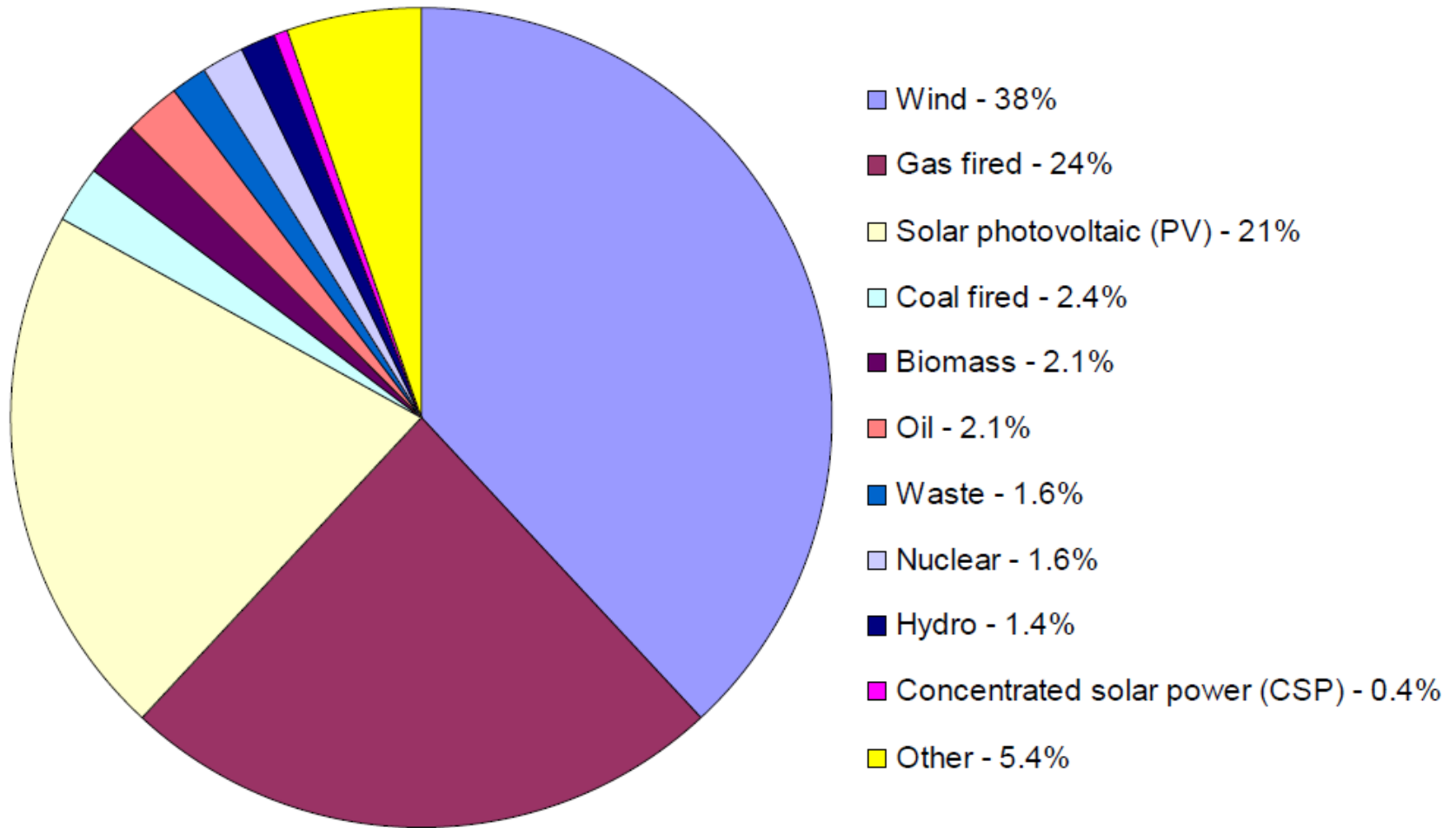


Was distributed generation ever just round the corner?

- Over 70% of our existing generation is low marginal cost/very long life generation
- Of the balance, the oldest (Huntly thermal, 7%) is close to Auckland anyway – and essential to support the South Island in dry years
- Even with high distributed generation take-up, the grid was always needed for a long time!



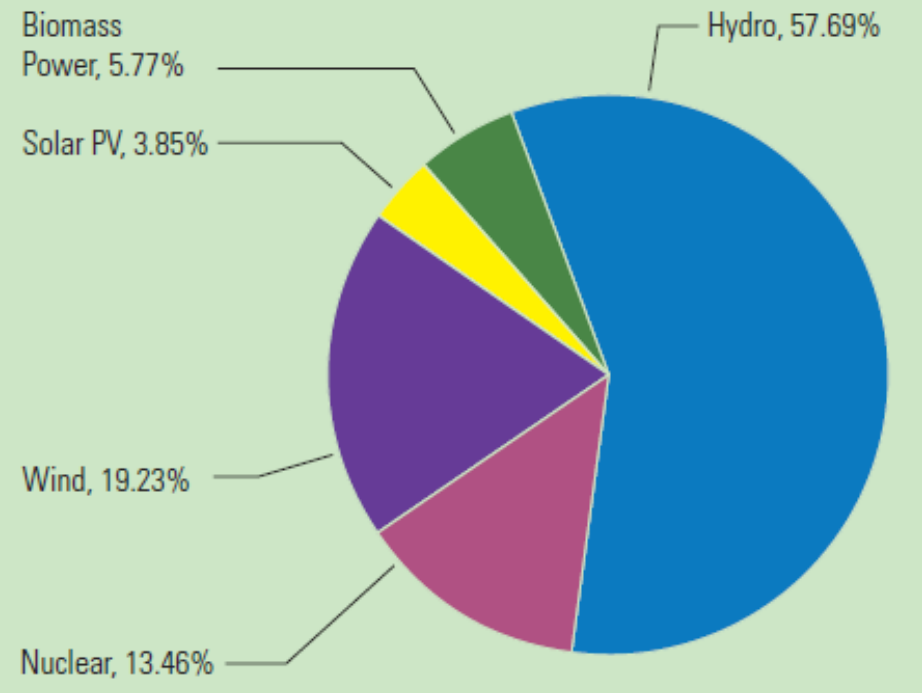
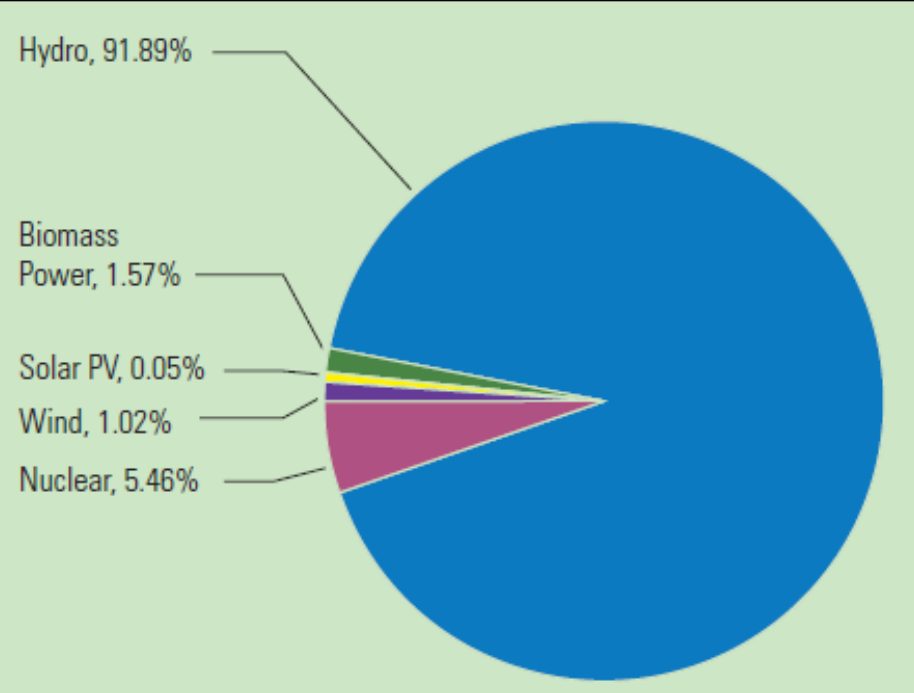
New power installations in the EU for 2009



Source: EESA member bulletin 30 July 2010

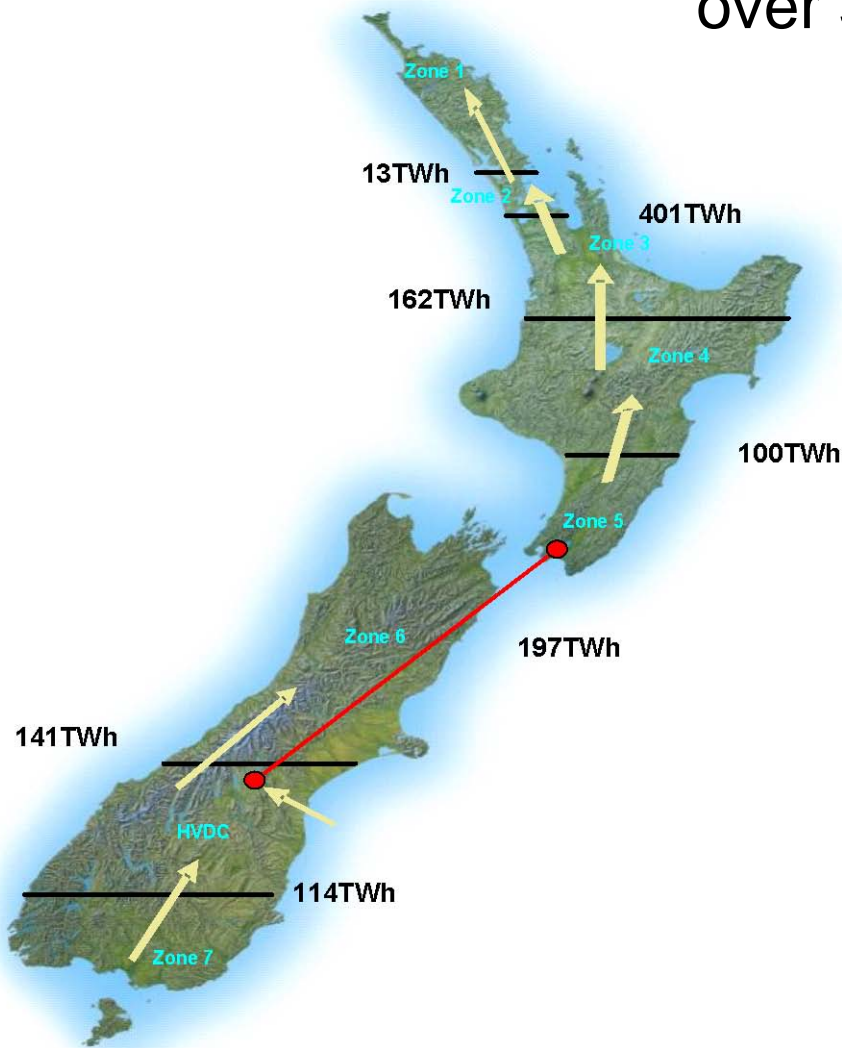


China's low carbon generation capacity, 2005 and 2020 (targets)



Source: IETA GHG Market Report 2010

Sustainable - total energy transfers over 30 years



Zone x to y (TWh)	2011	2020	2030	2040
2 to 1	1.4	0.4	-0.3	-0.3
3 to 2	9.0	12.0	14.0	17.0
4 to 3	3.0	5.0	6.0	8.0
5 to 4	1.0	2.4	4.0	6.0
HVDC to 6	5.0	5.4	4.3	4.0
HVDC to NI	4.0	5.6	7.4	9.0
7 to HVDC	1.2	3.5	4.4	5.5



Smart Grid?

- Will it transform transmission (the new glide path)?
- Demand side response can defer peak growth
- Interruptible load has a higher return for transmission



The way forward

Building a Transpower fit to operate tomorrow's grid



- Capability and resource
- Technology platforms
- Corridors and rights
- Culture

